

contact; a single spherical lens each. Body translucent or subtransparent.

PANDARUS SATYRUS.

*Carapax vix oblongus, posticè sensim latior, angulis posticis parce prominentibus, margine postico integro, antico obsolete denticulato. Segmentum secundum brevissimum, alis divaricatis, oblongo-ellipticis. Segmenta cephalothoracis sequentia transversa, primo minore, lobis rotundatis acutè sejunctis. Abdomen 3-articulatum, articulo antico grandi, posticè angusto-excavato, lateribus fere rectis, parce deinde subito angustioribus et angulis posticis internis acutis; segmento secundo dimidio vix angustiore, oblongo, obovato. Styli caudales aperte laterales.*

Carapax scarcely oblong, gradually widens posteriorly, posterior angles sparingly prominent; posterior margin entire, anterior obsolete denticulate. Second segment very short, wings divaricate, oblong elliptical. Following segments transverse, the first considerably smaller, the lobes rounded and separated by an acute excavation. Abdomen three-jointed, anterior segment large, narrow excavate behind, sides nearly straight, somewhat convergent, and posteriorly abruptly converging, the inner posterior angles acute, and but little remote. Second segment hardly half narrower, oblong obovate. Caudal stylets not covered.

Plate 95, fig. 2 *a*, dorsal view, enlarged; *b*, ventral view; *c*, view of extremity, with commencement of external ovarian tube.

Found with the preceding.

Length, five lines. Body, opaque. Colour, sometimes nearly black, excepting a pale yellowish-red spot over the eyes; pale brownish yellow, with a tinge of red, forming a margin to the frontal segment of carapax, and the wings of second segment of body, and colouring the posterior angles of carapax, basal half of first abdominal segment, and stylets. Other specimens opaque, dirty white, or yellowish white, with few traces of a brownish-black colour.

The first abdominal segment is much broader than half the breadth