# Macrothemis inacuta (p. 291).

To the localities given, add:—Costa Rica, Pozo Azul de Pirris (*Underwood*, M. C. Z.: 4 3).

#### MIATHYRIA (p. 293).

# Miathyria marcella (p. 294).

To the localities given, add:—Mexico, Ocotlan in Jalisco (Calvert, coll. P. P. C.:  $2 \ \circ$ ).

Very abundant at this locality over a swamp, August 29, 1906, but not easily taken.

#### PANTALA (p. 307).

# Pantala flavescens (p. 307).

To the localities given, add:—Mexico, Guzman (Calvert observ.) in Chihuahua, San Pedro [1  $\circ$ ] and Saltillo [1  $\circ$ ] in Coahuila, Ocotlan [1  $\circ$ ] (coll. P. P. C.) and San Marcos (Goldsmith, M. C. Z.: 2  $\circ$ ) in Jalisco, Toluca (Calvert observ.); Costa Rica, Pozo Azul de Pirris (Underwood, M. C. Z.: 1  $\circ$ ).

At Guzman, August 7, 1906, a female was observed ovipositing, dipping her abdomen only a few times at each place, then flying to another; no male was near. At Saltillo, Sept. 22, in the afternoon, *P. flavescens* and *P. hymenæa* were flying and alighting in the same field near the railroad tracks and not far from the "Panteon": when flushed *P. flavescens* would fly around very swiftly, with frequent changes of direction, gradually decreasing the area of flight and encircling a tuft or clump of *grasses* or *low* plants, upon one of which it would eventually settle; alighting upon a grass- or plant-stem, it would remain upon it only an instant, again take wing, fly around in an approximate circle for a few instants and again alight on or near the same stem; this performance was sometimes repeated several times, while I stood still, until eventually the insect remained motionless, as if at last satisfied with its situation (*cf.* note on *P. hymenæa*).

# Pantala hymenæa (p. 309).

To the localities given, add:—Mexico, Saltillo in Coahuila (Calvert, coll. P. P. C.:  $1 \, \, \circ \, , \, 1 \, \, \circ$ ).

This species, when flushed in the field at Saltillo above-mentioned, would finally alight on poplar trees, ten to fifteen feet (3-5 metres) high, planted at regular intervals through the field, thus in contrast to the lower stations assumed by P. flavescens.