

56. *Gypona celata*, sp. n. (Tab. XXI. figg. 29, 29 a, b, ♀.)

Robusta, brunnea; capite brevi, ocellis prope marginem anticam verticis positis, inter se quam ab oculis multo magis distantibus; pronoto fere unicolori, vel notis quibusdam obscurioribus antice instructo, fortiter transversim striato; scutello magno, rugose punctato; tegminibus læte brunneis vel subhyalinis, notis quibusdam parvis nigris, et venis plus minusve præcipue ad apicem fuscatis; pedibus testaceis vel fusco-testaceis.

Mas ignotus. *Femina* segmento ultimo ventrali sinuato, vix in medio producto.

A short and robust species, of a dark castaneous-brown colour; head short, the ocelli placed on the extreme margin of the vertex, much further from one another than from the eyes; pronotum unicolorous or with darker markings in front; scutellum large, produced and pointed behind, with a small testaceous spot in each of the anterior corners; tegmina brown, with the apex almost or entirely hyaline, the veins more or less strongly marked, and with small dark spots at the suture and on the disc, the margins and a band before the apex sometimes darker; legs testaceous or fusco-testaceous.

Male unknown. *Female* with the apex of the last ventral segment of the abdomen sinuate, very slightly produced in the centre.

Long. 6-7 millim.; lat. ad hum. $2\frac{1}{2}$ -3 millim.

Hab. PANAMA, David, Caldera, Bugaba (*Champion*).

It is possible that the specimens referred to this species may have to be divided, but this cannot be done satisfactorily without more material.

57. *Gypona resima*, sp. n. (Tab. XXI. figg. 30, 30 a, b, ♀.)

Brevis, castanea, nitida; capite brevissimo, ocellis ad marginem verticis positis; pronoto fortiter transversim striato, fere unicolori; scutello magno, tegminibus subhyalinis, apice dilutiori, punctis nigris quatuor vel quinque utrinque instructis.

Mas ignotus. *Femina* segmento ultimo ventrali utrinque fortiter sinuato, ad medium lobato.

A short, stout, shining, castaneous species; head very short, the ocelli placed just on or close to the margin of the vertex; pronotum strongly striate transversely, unicolorous; scutellum very large, pointed behind; tegmina subhyaline, with four or five small black spots on each; upper surface of abdomen rufous, underside and legs light testaceous.

Male unknown. *Female* with the apex of the last ventral segment deeply sinuate on each side, the central portion being produced into a strong lobe, the tip of which is minutely emarginate or subtruncate.

Long. 7 millim.; lat. ad hum. 2 millim.

Hab. MEXICO, Teapa in Tabasco (*H. H. Smith*).

STRAGANIA.

Stragania, Stål, Bidrag till Rio Janeiro-Traktens Hemipter-Fauna, ii. p. 49 (1858).

Stål, in his work on the Rio Janeiro Hemiptera, treats *Stragania* as a "new subgenus" of *Gypona*, and places under it three small insects of 4-4½ millim. in length, which he names *Gypona ornatula*, *G. divisa*, and *G. pallescens*. These latter are said to resemble the species of the genus *Zinneca*, Am. et Serv., in size, and he is of opinion that they ought perhaps to be separated from *Gypona* on account of the structure of the tegmina and scutellum ("scutello apice haud acute producto, longitudine latiore; tegminibus pellucidis, breviter pilosulis vel setulosis, non nisi apice venulis tribus longitudinalibus brevibus instructis"). In the 'Hemiptera Mexicana,'