

Since our description of *N. eugamon* was published we have seen the type of *Telegonus cous*, Möschl., and find that they belong to the same species. Dr. Staudinger has sent us a specimen of it under the name of *T. cæpio*.

3. *Nascus gizala*.

Telegonus gizala, Möschl. Verh. zool.-bot. Ges. Wien, 1878, p. 207 (♀) ¹.

Nascus evathlus, anteà, ii. p. 322, t. 78. ff. 22, 23 ².

Since our description of this species was published we have seen the type of *T. gizala*, and find that it does not differ from *Eudamus cephisus*, Hew., or *N. evathlus* (Mab.). Möschler's type was from Colombia ¹.

Nascus cæpio (II. p. 322).

To the localities given, add:—HONDURAS, San Pedro Sula (*Wittkugel*).

6. *Nascus euribates*.

Papilio euribates, Cram. Pap. Exot. t. 393. f. D (♀) (1782) ¹.

Nascus euribates, Wats. P. Z. S. 1893, p. 28 ².

Papilio nicias, Fabr. Mant. Ins. ii. p. 86 (1787) ³.

Telegonus hesus, Doubl. & Hew. Gen. Diurn. Lep. ii. t. 78. f. 5 (♂) ⁴.

Eudamus hesus, Aaron, Ent. News, i. p. 25 ⁵; ii. p. 101, t. 1. f. 2 (♂) ⁶.

Eudamus etias, Hew. Descr. Hesp. p. 13 (♀) ⁷.

Alis rufo-fulvis, anticis marginem externum versus obscurioribus, maculis tribus discalibus magnis, infima maxima, ea in medio sagittiforme, aliisque duabus (interdum tribus) subapicalibus, omnibus flavo-hyalinis; posticis margine costali late, maculis variis in serie submarginali, alia ad cellulæ finem, duabusque basin anticarum versus (interdum absentibus), omnibus obscure fuscis: subtus fere ut supra, sed brunnescentioribus; posticis maculis paginæ superioris plus minusve distinctis et interdum ochraceo notatis.

♀ mari similis, sed brunnescentioribus; anticis maculis discalibus minoribus et magis separatis, macula quoque apud costæ medium flavida: subtus margine interno anticarum pallidiore.

Hab. MEXICO ⁵; CENTRAL AMERICA ⁵.—SOUTH AMERICA to Brazil.

This well-known Tropical-American species has been recorded by Mr. Aaron ⁵ from the Mexican boundary of Texas, as well as from Central America, and we therefore include it in our fauna. We think, however, that these localities require confirmation. Our description is taken from South-American specimens.

BUNGALOTIS (II. p. 323).

Bungalotis midas (II. p. 324).

To the localities given, add:—HONDURAS, San Pedro Sula (*Wittkugel*).

We now possess a male of *B. midas* from Honduras, the second we have seen from within our limits. It is possible that the insect we described as the female of this species does not belong to it, and that *B. astylos* (of which the male is not known) may prove to be the other sex of *B. midas*.