

<i>Micrasta amplithorax</i> , Kerr. loc. cit. p. 115 nota.	Mexico.
„ <i>meligethoides</i> , Kerr. loc. cit. p. 116 nota.	Mexico.

LIUS, Deyr.

<i>Lius amabilis</i> , Kerr. Ann. Soc. Ent. Belg. 1896, p. 329.	Mexico.
„ <i>aeneus</i> , Kerr. loc. cit. p. 330.	Mexico, Venezuela.

PACHYSCHELUS, Sol.

<i>Pachyschelus bicolor</i> , Kerr. Ann. Soc. Ent. Fr. 1894, p. 420.	Mexico.
„ <i>carmineus</i> , Kerr. loc. cit. p. 420.	Mexico.
„ <i>albopictus</i> , Kerr. loc. cit. p. 421.	Mexico.
„ <i>solitarius</i> , Kerr. loc. cit. p. 421.	Mexico.

LEIOPLEURA, Deyr.

<i>Leiopleura lata</i> , Kerr. Ann. Soc. Ent. Fr. 1894, p. 422.	Mexico.
„ <i>minuta</i> , Kerr. loc. cit. p. 422.	Mexico.
„ <i>levis</i> , Kerr. loc. cit. p. 422.	Mexico.
„ <i>inæqualis</i> , Kerr. loc. cit. p. 423.	Mexico.
„ <i>nitidicollis</i> , Kerr. loc. p. 423.	Mexico.

The following species of this genus appears to be undescribed :—

Leiopleura beltii, sp. n.

Oblongo-ovalis, lata, nitidissima ; capite aureo-viridi, subtiliter sat crebre punctato, medio leviter sulcato ; thorace aureo-viridi, antice angustato, medio leviter convexo, parce subtiliter punctulato, vitta cupro-purpurea ornato, lateribus sat deplanatis, rugulosis ; scutello nigro, laevi ; elytris cupreis, fulgentibus, sat crebre evidenter punctatis, lateribus bi-impressis, marginibus violaceis ; corpore subtus nigro, nitido.

Long. $1\frac{4}{5}$ lin.

Hab. NICARAGUA, Chontales (Belt).

This beautiful species is nearest to *L. contigua*, Waterh. (*anteà*, p. 154), but it is larger and rather broader, and quite differently coloured from this and all the other members of the genus known to me. The purple band on the disc of the thorax is narrow in front, a little wider than the scutellum at the base. The punctuation of the elytra is moderately strong : the punctures are unequal in size, and not very close together.