

DILOPHOCHILA (p. 261).

Dilophochila bolacoides (p. 261).

To the localities given, add :—GUATEMALA, Tepan (*Conradt*).

CHLOROTA (p. 268).

Chlorota cincticollis (p. 269).

To the localities given, add :—GUATEMALA, Coban in Vera Paz (*Conradt*).

RUTELISCA (p. 270).

Rutelisca flohri (p. 270).

To the Mexican localities given, add :—Omiteme in Guerrero 8000 feet (*H. H. Smith*), Amecameca, Atlapango (*Flohr*).

A few beautifully preserved examples of both sexes.

Mr. Flohr informs me that this interesting Rutelid occurs chiefly under pine-bark, but sometimes under oak-bark.

PELIDNOTA (p. 273).

Pelidnota notata (p. 273).

To the Mexican locality given, add :—Teapa in Tabasco (*H. H. Smith*).

Pelidnota virescens (p. 274).

The type form and var. 1 were both taken in the State of Guerrero by Mr. H. H. Smith, the former at Mescala and Tepetlapa, the latter at Venta de Pelegrino and Tierra Colorada. Also the following new variety :—

Var. 5. Frons et thorax læte saturatius viridi-ænea.

Hab. MEXICO, Tepetlapa in Guerrero (*H. H. Smith*).

One example.

Pelidnota punctulata (p. 276).

According to Mr. Flohr, the locality "Jalapa" given by Herr Höge is a mistake, as the species does not occur there. It is an inhabitant of the "tierra caliente." He has received it from Minatitlan, Atoyac, and Playa Vicente. A dark brassy-brown, nearly black, variety has been received from Conradt taken at Escuintla, Guatemala.