11

brachium smooth, the posterior crest large but smooth; hand wide, its width about two-thirds the length of the movable finger, which is about as long as the fourth caudal segment; the two fingers sinuate, and not meeting at base when closed. Pectinal teeth 18.

VÆJOVIS.

Resembling the male, but less granular, the anteocular area of carapace being nearly smooth; tail shorter, about four and a half times as long as the carapace; hand narrower, its width about half the length of the movable digit, the two fingers in contact at base when closed. Pectinal teeth 16-17.

Measurements in mm.— 3. Total length 51.5, carapace 5.5, tail 31; width of hand 3. 2. Total length 52, carapace 6, tail 29; width of hand 2.8.

Hab. Mexico, San Andres (! Tuxtla) (coll. Keyserling, in Mus. Brit. 1), Jalapa (Höge).

At once distinguishable from V. mexicanus in having the four inferior caudal keels smooth, and also the hand in both sexes smooth and keelless.

5. Væjovis cristimanus. (Tab. III. figg. 1, 1 a-d, \$.)

Væjovis cristimanus, Pocock, Ann. & Mag. Nat. Hist. (7) i. p. 397 (1898) 1.

Vejovis cristimanus, Kraepelin, Das Tierr., Scorpiones et Pedipalpi, p. 186 (1899) 2.

Q. Colour a uniform reddish-brown, not variegated; legs yellow. Closely allied to V. subcristatus, but, apart from the difference in colour, distinguishable by having the chelæ more strongly crested, the posterior surface of the brachium being weakly granular and its inferior crest distinctly crenulate; the hand is also distinctly crested, the crests on its inner surface being granular. Terga visibly tricostate. Upper surface of fifth segment of tail with its superior lateral keels granular; vesicle granular below and more coarsely punctured than in V. subcristatus. Pectinal teeth 18-19.

Measurements in mm .- Total length 63, carapace 7.3, tail 36.

Hab. Mexico, Zacatecas (Mus. Brit. 1).

6. Væjovis variegatus. (Tab. III. figg. 2, 2 a-h, ♀.)

Væjovis variegatus, Pocock, Ann. & Mag. Nat. Hist. (7) i. p. 394 (1898) 1.

Vejovis spinigerus, var. variegata, Kraepelin, Das Tierr., Scorpiones et Pedipalpi, p. 187 (1899) 2.

2. Colour reddish ochre-yellow or reddish-brown; carapace with black tubercle and irregularly-shaped but symmetrically-arranged black patches and stripes; tergites symmetrically marked, the median keel with a very narrow black stripe which sometimes expands in front and behind, on each side of this and separated from it by a narrow pale stripe there is a triangular black spot, the narrow anterior extremity of which extends forwards and often fuses with the anterior portion of the median stripe; the lateral portion of the terga with a narrow black edge and a yellow stripe separating it from a large black stripe extending from the anterior to the posterior border, and separated from the before-mentioned submedian triangular spot by a yellow stripe; this stripe is widened in front, but posteriorly it is narrower than the black patch to the right and left of it; tail clouded below and laterally with black and ornamented below with four black stripes; vesicle and upper surface of tail clear reddish-brown; chelæ reddish-brown, scarcely infuscate; legs with femora, patellæ, and tibiæ externally marbled with black. coarsely granular, its frontal area nearly smooth, as long as the first and second caudal segments, slightly shorter than the fifth. Terga coarsely granular, nearly smooth auteriorly. Sterna smooth, the last not keeled, and scarcely granular laterally. Tail more than four times as long as the carapace; third segment much wider than long, fourth almost as wide as long, fifth nearly twice as long as wide; the anterior segments granular above and laterally, smooth and symmetrically punctured below; fourth and fifth also smooth above and laterally; fourth smooth below and punctured, fifth thickly granular below, with three granular keels; superior and supero-lateral keels strongly developed, coarsely granular, dentate posteriorly, except the supero-lateral of the fourth; the inferior median keels obsolete on segments 1-4, the inferior laterals represented by a low, indistinct, smooth ridge; vesicle smooth, punctured below; median lateral